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Design and Implement of Wireless Sensor Street Light Control and Monitoring Strategy along with GUI

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Abstract: As of late improving the lattice unwavering quality amid the top moment is picked up a great deal of considerations. Also, utilizing renewable vitality frameworks to nourish remote regions which are not wanted to be encouraged from the utility since they are a long way from it is an another objective of numerous scientists. One out of these heaps is the road lighting particularly. In this manner, this paper proposes a standalone sunlight based vitality free framework for road lighting as there is no force requested from the matrix. The proposed framework comprises of a PV board, stockpiling framework, LED light, control molding framework (PCS) and the controller which can deal with the force bearing and framework operation. Utilizing LED as a part of lighting applications has numerous focal points contrasted with other light. It is extremely proficient (high productivity lighting source) and financially savvy (the life time is long contrast with different lights). In augmentations to, it needs low dc voltage source to be worked. The capacity framework will be charged amid the day time utilizing the accessible daylight. Then again, amid the evening time the controller will give a sign to the framework to associate the LED light to be prepared for use. Subsequent to the LED needs a low dc voltage to be worked, so a basic dc-dc converter will be sufficient for this framework bringing about diminishing the expense of the general framework. Chosen of recreation results have been given to approve the proposed framework.

Keywords - Solar, control system, lighting system, ZigBee, IR and LDR sensors.

INTRODUCTION

As of late, ecological issues have increased across the board universal consideration, bringing about the improvement of vitality proficient innovations went for lessening vitality utilization. One part of this advancing circumstance is an expanding interest for a diminishment in the measure of power utilized for brightening. Specifically, vitality preservation for extensive scale brightening undertakings, for example, road lighting is increasing significant significance. Most outside brightening sources, for example, road lights, use HID Lamps as light sources. Worldwide concerns have been raised with respect to the measure of force devoured by HID lights and by expansion, the measure of air co₂ discharged because of such power utilization. On account of this LED cluster brightening has gotten consideration as of late as a vitality decreasing light source. Driven street brightening requires around 33% to one portion of the electric force required for HID lighting

The lifecycle of a LED can be more than three times the length of a HID light. Driven brightening could lessen the measure of time expected to trade damaged apparatuses, and it is normal that a LED framework would be nearly support free. This thusly, implies

LED framework could be viewed as suitable for use on detached islands or in high rugged areas. In such a back ground, and as a consequence of the critical enhancements to luminescent effectiveness lately, LED lighting can be relied upon to completely supplant beforehand utilized light sources inside of our lifetimes. The expected improvement of LED brightening is appeared in Figure1. Lighting frameworks, especially inside of people in general area, are still outlined per the past guidelines of unwavering quality and that they don't as a rule benefit of most recent mechanical improvements. As of late, in any case, the expanding weight connected with the crude material costs furthermore the expanding social affectability to CO₂ emanations are prompting grow new systems and advancements which allow noteworthy cost reserve funds and bigger admiration for the earth. In the writing we will see three answers for those issues.

The primary determination, and maybe the most progressive, is to utilization of remote administration framework construct for the most part with respect to wise lampposts that send information to a focal administration framework, disentangling the administration and upkeep. IEEE802.15.4 standard Microchip Wireless (MiWi) correspondence

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convention is utilized here for embedding the remote correspondence between road light unit and PC observing terminal.

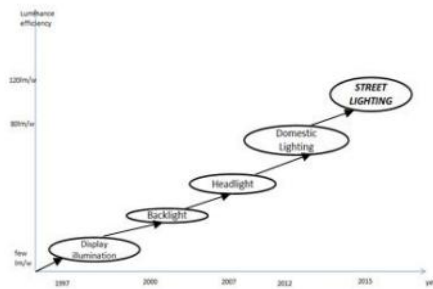


Fig 1: Past history and projected expansion of the LED applications based on anticipated luminous efficiency increases.

The second one is, if any human or vehicle development identified, the movement sensor triggers the microcontroller to turn the LEDs to their full shine and it gets restored back to the darkening brilliance.

The third determination is, the overview mode . Turn on/Turn off can be controlled likewise physically from EB station through the same remote medium.

RELATED WORKS

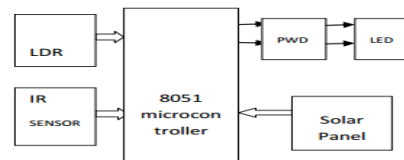
Vitality reserve funds are of most extreme significance today. The objective is in this manner, the diminishment of working costs of road lighting with the formation of a framework described by clear establishment and low power utilization. A multi-utilitarian road lights control framework taking into account AT89S52 was exhibited. This framework incorporated a period set pattern capacity and a programmed control design for power protection. This configuration can spare an awesome measure of power contrasted with road lights that keep land amid evenings. Besides, this framework has auto-caution capacity which will set off if any light is harmed and will demonstrate the serial number of the harmed light, subsequently it is anything but difficult to be found and repaired the harmed light [2]. In this paper, a more straightforward, multipurpose, financially savvy configuration to control the on-off instrument of road lights by means of Short Message Service (SMS) and GSM module has been created [3]. This paper examines another smart control terminal of sun powered road light. It consolidates of current General Street light charge and release administration, controller and remote correspondence innovation. An imaginative remote road lighting framework with improved administration and proficiency has been introduced in this paper. Remote correspondence based ZigBee remote gadgets which permit more productive road light framework administration; propelled interface and control engineering are utilized. The Information is exchanged point-by-point

utilizing ZigBee transmitters and beneficiaries to a control terminal to analyze distinctive states of road lights. [10].

PREVIOUS WORK

MUSTAFA SAAD et al proposed paper on" Automatic Street Light Control System Using Microcontroller "This paper goes for planning and executing the propelled advancement in implanted frameworks forenergy sparing of road lights. These days, human has turned out to be excessively occupied, and can't, making it impossible to discover time even to switch the lights wherever a bit much. The present framework is similar to, the road lights will be exchanged on in the night prior to the sun sets and they are exchanged off the following day morning after there is adequate light on the streets. this paper gives the best answer for electrical force wastage. Likewise the manual operation of the lighting framework is totally wiped out. In this paper the two sensors are utilized which are Light Dependent Resistor LDR sensor to demonstrate a day/evening time and the photoelectric sensors to identify the development in the city. The microcontroller PIC16F877A is utilized as cerebrum to control the road light framework, where the programming dialect utilized for building up the product to the microcontroller is C-dialect. At last, the framework has been effectively planned and executed as model framework.

SYSTEM MODEL



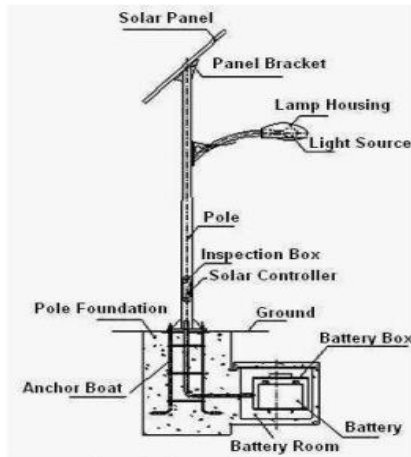
Block diagram of proposed system

The piece graph of the proposed framework is portrayed in figure 1. Here we utilize a microcontroller 80C51so as to perform the controlling activities. We do utilize certain sensors specifically, IR sensor and LDR sensor. These sensors are associated with the ports of the microcontroller through an interfacing circuit and a speaker. The yield from the microcontroller could be seen through a LCD show. The microcontroller produces a PWM which is sustained to the LED driver circuit which changes the working cycles of every LED in the LED Array.

The working of the whole framework is primarily with the sensors present. The fundamental thought behind the framework is that the LED cluster will be in off position at day time. Indeed, even at day time if the power of light is lower because of climate conditions like haze, electrical storm and so forth then the cluster will get turned on. Vicinity sensor

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will distinguish the vicinity of any people or autos. At the point when IR sensor recognizes the vehicles splendor of the LED will be progressively when there is no vehicles shine will be diminished.



i) *Typical street light system*

LED LAMP DESIGN AND SELECTION

A LED driver framework has been intended for a LED road lighting light of 80 W. Contrasting with high weight sodium light, the LED road light can spare around half - 70% vitality. In addition, the life range of LED road light is 3 - 5 times to sodium lights. For instance, the 30W, 60W, 100W and 180W LED road lights are great answers for supplant the traditional 80W, 150W, 250W and 160 W high weight sodium lights .Because of low power utilization, it's the best competitor light wellspring of sun powered road lights. Furthermore, this can be guaranteed by the LED light driver that was introduced for road lighting framework in and for all inclusive AC data. **LED Modeling**

The qualities of LEDs are the same as traditional PN intersection, . Figure 6 demonstrates the present voltage qualities of business LED. The current to voltage attributes appeared in figure 6 can be approximated by the accompanying comparison:

The LED load I-V model can be approximated as follows:

$$V_D = R_{di} I_d + V_{Yl}$$

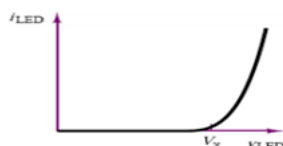


Fig. 6. The I-V curve of commercial LEDs at 40° C.

Where is the forward voltage drop on one LED, is its dynamic resistance, is the LED forward

current and is the limit voltage. Considering the entire string in arrangement, the expression for the yield voltage is the same, yet duplicated by the quantity of LEDs associated in arrangement as takes after:

$$V_o = N(R_{di} I_d + V_{Yl}) = R_{di} I_d + V_{Yl}$$

Where is the whole string yield voltage and is the quantity of LEDs associated in arrangement. Direct introduction of the Cree® XLamp® MC-E [21] LED current voltage attributes datasheet is appeared in figure 7. Along these lines and are observed to be 1.07 ohm and 2.8 V, separately.

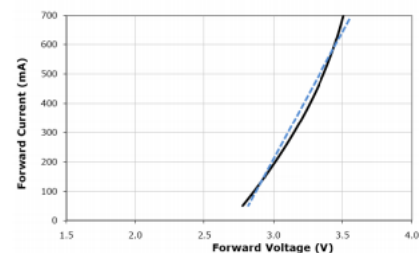


Fig. 7. Linear interpolation of LED load.

POWER MANAGEMENT AND CONSUMPTION

The framework was intended to work standalone, supplied by the vitality from a sun oriented board. The advantages from this sort of force are vital along these lines staying away from the repetitive and costly wiring and association with outside force system, empowering impressive funds and simplicity of execution. The framework is expected to be low-control, minimizing the battery limit furthermore the vitality gained from the sun powered board. These objectives were accomplished through the use of the ZigBee module for transmitting and getting information, utilizing LED lights as substitution of ordinary lights and utilizing extraordinary force sparing answers for microcontrollers and radio modules

The project that controls the framework is outlined essentially to abstain from squandering vitality. Firstly, accordingly that the framework works exclusively in the obscurity, dodging misuse of vitality all through daylight hours when the sole dynamic gadget is the sun powered board that revives battery. Also, the sensors empower the framework to work exclusively when essential.

CONCLUSION

In this paper a proposition of a clever remote road light control and checking framework is depicted that coordinates new advancements, offering simplicity of upkeep and vitality reserve funds. This is acquired by utilizing the exceptionally practical light post innovation supplied by renewable vitality gave by the

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sun oriented boards and by utilizing the canny control unit of the lampposts. By utilizing LDR and IR sensors we can spare some more power and vitality, furthermore we can observed and controlled the road lights utilizing GUI application, we can get the status of the lights in road or roadway lighting frameworks. The proposed framework is particularly proper for road lighting in urban and country territories where the activity is low on occasion. The framework is adaptable, extendable and absolutely customizable to client needs.

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